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1 line.	\$1.00	\$2.00	\$3.00	\$4.00	\$5.00	\$6.00	\$7.00	\$8.00	\$9.00	\$10.00
2 lines.	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.00	16.00	18.00	20.00
3 lines.	3.00	6.00	9.00	12.00	15.00	18.00	21.00	24.00	27.00	30.00
4 lines.	4.00	8.00	12.00	16.00	20.00	24.00	28.00	32.00	36.00	40.00
5 lines.	5.00	10.00	15.00	20.00	25.00	30.00	35.00	40.00	45.00	50.00
6 lines.	6.00	12.00	18.00	24.00	30.00	36.00	42.00	48.00	54.00	60.00
7 lines.	7.00	14.00	21.00	28.00	35.00	42.00	49.00	56.00	63.00	70.00
8 lines.	8.00	16.00	24.00	32.00	40.00	48.00	56.00	64.00	72.00	80.00
9 lines.	9.00	18.00	27.00	36.00	45.00	54.00	63.00	72.00	81.00	90.00
10 lines.	10.00	20.00	30.00	40.00	50.00	60.00	70.00	80.00	90.00	100.00

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THE GREENCASTLE BANNER.

DEVOTED TO REPUBLICAN PRINCIPLES, AND THE BEST INTERESTS OF PUTNAM COUNTY.

VOL. XXV.

GREENCASTLE, IND., THURSDAY, MARCH 22, 1877.

NO. 12.

DARNALL BROS. & CO'S
NEW CASH STORE
 WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES,
AND CONFECTIONERIES.
 ENTIRE STOCK BOUGHT FOR CASH. GOODS FRESH, NEAT AND CLEAN.
 PRICES SATISFACTORY.
ALL KINDS COUNTRY PRODUCE WANTED
 Call and See Us!
East Washington Street.
 Greencastle Indiana.

BURLEY & WEBB,
 HEADQUARTERS FOR
GROCERIES,
 FINE TEAS, COFFEE, SYRUP,
TOBACCO and CIGARS.
 SOLE AGENTS FOR THE
"Star" City O. K. Flour.
Baking Done to Order.
 NO. 22, EAST WASHINGTON STREET.

J. D. STEVENSON & SON
 Have just received an entire new stock of
RICHMOND & HAMILTON
STEEL PLOWS,
 ALSO, THE
Western Walking Cultivator,
 AND
HOOSIER CORN DRILL.
 These implements are becoming absolutely essential to the Farmer who raises corn. Our stock of heavy and shelf

HARDWARE
 is full and complete. We also keep on hand a large lot of Doors, Sash, Blinds, Glass, Cement, Plaster Paris, Field and Garden Seeds, and are the sole Agents for the celebrated
FAVORITE COOK STOVE,
 and a host of other first-class Cook Stoves, both for wood and coal, too numerous to mention, all of which goods will be sold at bottom prices. Call and examine our goods and prices.

WEST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE.
LOUIS WEIK. **EDWARD ALLEN**
WEIK & ALLEN,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
 9 and 11 East Washington Street.
ALWAYS THE NEWEST AND FULLEST STOCK.
BAKERS. **CONFECTIONERS.**

A. T. KELLY,
 Real Estate, Life and Fire Insurance Agent.
 Office in Southard's Block, up Stairs.

CROW & BENSON,
 Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Queensware, Glassware
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS
FINE TEAS, COFFEE,
SYRUPS TOBACCO AND CIGARS.
 Sole agents for the Celebrated Boss St. Louis FLOUR, the best in the market. The highest market price paid for all kinds of country produce. East Side Public Square.

B. F. Hays & Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS
 Ready-Made Clothing,
THE CELEBRATED "STAR SHIRT,"
 HATS, TRUNKS, VALISES, UMBRELLAS,
Neck Wear, Linen and Paper Collars,
No. 8 Washington St.,
GREENCASTLE, IND.

Greencastle Banner.

MY JEWEL.
 BY GEORGE COCHRANE EAGLES.

Rich hazel eyes that smile at me,
 In whose bright depths I seem to see
 The rarest light, the fairest glow,
 That mortal eyes did ever bestow.
 I love to sit and watch them so,
 And feel the thrill that long ago
 Ran through my breast when first I drew
 That cheek whereon the roses grew
 Unto my own, and softly told
 The sweet, sweet tale that's never old.
 Dear, earnest eyes that fondly smile,
 And sweetly speak to me the while,
 That look so tender, and so sad,
 Yet gleam as joyous, and as glad
 As when I felt my young heart stirred
 Within me like a singing bird,
 And knew the joy that lovers feel,
 And felt the flow of passion steal
 Like lava streams within my blood,
 Unurged and tameless in its flood.
 Though years have gone and left their
 trace,
 And saddened o'er my darling's face,
 Though roses from her cheek have fled,
 And care has pressed her fair brown head,
 Yet to my heart she's just the same,
 As when in olden days she came
 And stood beside me like a queen,
 When both our lives and hearts were
 green.
 As when the wild love of my youth,
 Burst on me in its beaming truth.
 Her whispers still within my ear
 Make music that I love to hear.
 She's still to me the blushing girl
 That set my youthful breast awhirl,
 Long, long ago, when we were young
 And golden fruits in clusters hung.
 She's still my sweetheart, though the
 years
 Have brought their train of cares and
 fears,
 And still, within her hazel eyes,
 I see the old, fond love-lights rise.
 She sits beside me to-night,
 One tender hand, soft, fair and white,
 Rests on my shoulder, and we seem
 To live again our young life-dream,
 And as the lamp-light floods her brow,
 I know she's dearer to me now,
 Aye! dearer far than when I told
 The sweet, sweet tale that's never old.

The Indiana Legislature.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 15.
 To-day at noon the Fifth General Assembly of Indiana finally dissolved amid impressive vocal and religious ceremonies, and with becoming dignity and solemnity. Speaker Overmeyer read a little valedictory thanking everybody for the honor done him, and expressing his opinion that all the members had been actuated by a sense of duty in all their acts and deliberations, and that after a good many trials and tribulations and an extra session, the Assembly had done a good thing; on the whole, in the way of legislation, and everybody could go home with an approving conscience. The member from Jefferson, Rev. Mr. Lanham, then asked a blessing, and pronounced a benediction. At its close Mr. Swartz struck up, "Yes, We'll Gather at the River," and all joined in the chorus. The intention evidently was good, but the singing, considered from a critical standpoint, was very bad; however, it was a much more creditable and dignified adjournment than the same body made in regular session.

The extra session has accomplished all that was expected of it, and more. It has passed the General and Specific Appropriation Bills, the State House Bill, and done much other work of more than average importance. Everything now in the way of legislative work seems to be pretty well cleared up. The House especially has a remarkably clean docket to show, and has acted upon everything of any account that has been sent to them from the Senate. The Senate has not performed its labor so to show so clean a record. On the Senate files are about one hundred and fifty House bills that have never been acted upon, and many of these bills are of especial public interest and general importance. The Senate has been too windy a body to accomplish any great amount of work. The appearance of any measure of any account, or in fact of any measure at all in that body, has been the signal for an interminable discussion and endless speech-making. I don't think a legislative body ever existed that managed to crowd so much speech-making into sixty-seven days as this Senate has. Senator Charles Reeves, of Marshall county, has made a fiery speech upon every subject before the Senate during the session, from a proposed amendment to the organic law of the State to the question of an increase of the per diem of the pages. He has, on every occasion, dived down into the profoundest depths, and crawled around among the central fires and soared away upon glittering pinions against the old empyrean. There has been an inordinate amount of oratory in that little Senate chamber. The screams of the eagle have echoed and re-echoed around those contracted boundaries "with a vast murmur of the mountain." Senators Bell, Johnston (of Parke), Dykeman and La Rue have averaged ten speeches a day, to say nothing of a little one for a cent every five minutes, that don't count. Senators Stockslager, Harris and Givan have not been far behind. These have been the talking Senators. They have wasted a world of words, and now upon the records of the labor performed by the Senate, there is nothing to show for all this wasted eloquence.

In the House the talkers have not been numerous. Brannan has done considerable oratorical avorting, but he has made a good record as a working and sensible member. Lanham has asked the ear of the House quite numerous, and Hendricks has done a great deal of monotonous soliloquizing from his corner, which was harmless, except that it consumed some valuable time. Yaryan, Adams, Peelle, Father Kennedy, of Rush, have monopolized a good deal of the time of the House, but always to its advantage. Others have had little speeches to make, but in an oratorical way the conduct of the House has been quite exemplary. It can show a much better record than the Senate.

There has been no failure on the part of the Assembly to perform all that could reasonably have been expected. To be sure they neglected to take any action on some important matters like a bureau of vital statistics, sheep-killing dogs, hog cholera, a good vagrant law, and the Loan Bill. But they did a good many other good things in lieu that were not reckoned upon. As for the Loan Bill, there is probably a great deal of unnecessary mourning done over the failure of that measure. It will perhaps make a close treasury, but will cause no great financial disaster, such as the friends of the bill declare will be the effect of the failure of the bill to pass. It is the Democrats who are doing the weeping over the bill, and the necessity for such a bill, if necessary there is, was caused by the Democratic Legislature, and not by the present Republican Assembly. The Democratic Assembly in 1871 cut down the tax levy from fifteen to five cents on the one hundred dollars valuation. That made a nice show of economy and reform. It also cut down the appropriations below the amount of what was absolutely necessary. So the surplus provided for paying the State debt was absorbed in defraying current expenses. The Republican Legislature of 1873 was obliged to pass a temporary loan bill, authorizing Governor Hendricks to borrow money to meet the expenditures in providing for deficiencies and payment of the old internal improvement debt. Under this authority loans were made to the amount of \$910,000. Then the Democratic Legislature of 1875, the "Fool Legislature," as it is called, cut the tax down to thirteen cents, making it impossible to pay any part of this bill, and passed another temporary loan bill. Now many Democratic members expressly declare that it was not necessary for the Assembly to give the State officers power to create a new debt. If it was it surely was not the fault of this Assembly. It was the fault of the former Democratic Assembly, that cut down levies and appropriations for effect in the State and National political campaigns. The State runs upon the present tax levy, that of the preceding Assembly, until May, 1878. The clerk of the Ways and Means Committee states that the revenue for 1878 is as follows:

From current taxes.....\$1,028,692.58
 Delinquent taxes.....57,239.92
 Corporation taxes.....22,377.29
 Docked fees.....\$1,672.50
 Penal institutions.....160,000.00
 Benevolent institutions.....25,460.41
 Counties to House of Refuge.....37,000.00
 Total.....\$1,283,342.69
 Balance over.....\$126,719.20

This will give the next General Assembly \$375,000 for its own use, and demonstrates that the 12 per cent. levy is sufficient, in spite of the declarations of the Chairman of the Finance Committee. It will allow a margin of \$250,000 a year for general purposes.

Mr. Dykeman, of the Senate, is a fierce partisan. In all he did he was more intent upon making political points against the Republicans than in working for the good of the State in general. So he placed his bill upon a false basis, and by so doing got his bill defeated as his reward. There may be, as the matter now stands, a deficiency, but there are a number of ways in which it can be bridged over until the session of the next legislature, and while some annoyance may be caused, there will be no serious trouble from this cause.

The deficiency is much less than was claimed by the Democrats. This Mr. Overmeyer was endeavoring to point out when he was choked off. His figures, as obtained from the committee's tables, show that the income of the year will be \$1,790,000. If the \$118,000 old bonds and interest coupons are included, the expenditures will be nearly \$2,000,000. It would have been better had the Loan Bill passed, giving power to borrow \$100,000 a year, but for this hitch and jumble the Democrats have only themselves to blame, and they can not fasten the fault upon the Assembly which has just adjourned sine die. As for the defeat of the bill being an effort on the part of the Republicans to annoy and cripple the administration of Governor Williams, that is nonsense. There were more Republicans voting for the bill than Democrats, and it was the partisan performances of the latter that killed it. The ruling of Speaker Overmeyer, in declining to recognize the Senate messenger with the bill, pending a call of the House upon the question of adjournment, is taken advantage of to fasten the blame upon the Republicans. But the bill was dead before it came to the House. Dykeman killed it, and the messenger held only the corpse when he appeared at the door.

The festive potato-bug has made his transatlantic voyage by steamship, and is now snugly settled for propagation in Europe.

Five life insurance companies were placed in the hands of the receiver last week, in New York.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 16.

A delegation of colored Republicans from Florida called on President Hayes one day last week, indorsed his proposed plan for pacification, and expressed the hope that it would prove for the best of all concerned. The President said if his plan did not work out the good intended, he would recognize the fact that the colored people were most interested in its success, for their lives and liberty were at stake; moreover, he did not forget that they composed a large portion of the Republican party of the South. The delegation were well pleased with the interview, and were satisfied that their rights would not be sacrificed as predicted in the Democratic organs. Later in the afternoon, another delegation of about forty colored Republicans called and had an equally satisfactory interview.

A correspondence between Stanley Matthews and Governor Packard is published, in which the former advises Packard to withdraw and allow the Nicholls government to assume control. Packard replies that he was legally elected, has an undisputed quorum in both branches of the legislature and all the machinery of government, and declines to accede.

The new Postmaster General has issued a circular which he sends to all applicants for office. It reads: "Your letter of the—has been received and placed upon the files of the department, for consideration, under the rules of the civil service when vacancies occur. At present none exist."

President Hayes takes frequent occasion to inform the Senators and members of Congress of his views as to the relations which ought to exist between them and the executive on the matter of appointments to office. He says that he shall be glad to receive recommendations, and shall no doubt in many cases appoint the candidates they indorse, but if he sees proper to select somebody else, he does not want them to think that they have consequently cause to take offense. Under the old system, he says, a Congressman selected from among the applicants for office in his district whatever man he preferred, and after he had endorsed him, his appointment followed as a matter of course, the executive performing the mere formal function of signing the papers. This system the President means to break up, he believing that it is a gross perversion of the constitution to have the appointing power virtually exercised by Senators and Representatives. He feels that he is responsible for the character of all presidential appointees, and that it is his duty to use his best efforts to secure the service for the government of the most competent and honest men. This is a duty he holds, which he has no right to delegate to others; nor is he willing that, under the plea of custom, others should take out of his hands. These ideas, although usually received in the presence of the President with acquiescence, can not be said to meet with general favor among the members of Congress.

Ex-Justice Davis in a letter to his associates on the bench of the Supreme Court announcing the close of his official labors, says: "In severing the relations which have existed between us for so many years, I beg leave to bear my testimony to the eminent learning, ability and integrity which have characterized your judicial labors. From the organization of the government, the Supreme Court has been composed of able and upright judges. In my opinion it is now as worthy of the confidence of the American people as it has ever been at any period of its history."

The Postmaster General was visited by sundry delegations from Virginia and elsewhere, a few days since, urging the claims of applicants for post-offices. He announced to them as his policy not to interfere with any office where service is well performed.

President Hayes and his wife have attended the Foundry Methodist Church at Washington thus far. It is very evident that the wife of the President is a Christian woman, and that she has concluded to bring her religion to Washington and not leave it at Columbus, Ohio.

It is plain that the new President has shown a remarkable aptitude for finding out and judging men, and that he is drawn toward all the better men in the Republican party. Everything that he says, all his surroundings, his family, are plain, simple, sensible, wholesome, good.

The nomination of Fred. Douglass to be Marshal of the District has caused a great sensation among the Democratic members of the Washington Bar. They will probably take steps to oppose his confirmation. The office is worth at least \$10,000 a year, and in addition to the duties of the Court, presents visitors to the President at his public levees.

Secretary Thompson, at an interview with the heads of bureaus in the Navy Department, informed them that he did not propose that there should be any deficiencies in the Department hereafter on any account, and each bureau must live within the limits of the appropriation made for it. The new Secretary is making a favorable impression by the business-like manner in which he is proceeding. He has arranged for meetings between himself and all the heads of bureaus, for general consultation, at least twice a week. At these meetings all contracts, purchases, &c., are to be considered and agreed upon, and full minutes of the proceedings are to be kept for purposes of reference.

The Clerk is now engaged in compiling the roll for the next House of

Representatives. In view of the prospective contest to secure the organization of the next House for the Republicans, it is ascertained that he will exclude all Republicans in contested cases, so that the apparent Democratic majority will stand about seventeen. Leading Republicans, members in the next Congress, now in the city, have been in conference upon the subject in hopes of devising some means by which this arbitrary proceeding may be defeated. They have decided that it is a question of such grave importance to the President in carrying out his commendable policy of reform and retrenchment in every branch of the Government, that he should have the full support of the next House if at all practicable.

In stating his opinion on the tariff question Gen. Garfield said: We have seen that one extreme school of economy would place the price of all manufactured articles in the hands of foreign producers by rendering it impossible for our manufacturers to compete with them, while the other extreme school, by making it impossible for the foreigner to sell his competing wares in our market, would give the people no immediate check upon the prices which our manufacturers might charge for their products. I disagree with both extremes. I hold that a properly adjusted competition between home and foreign products is the best gauge by which to regulate international trade. Duties should be so high that our manufacturers can fairly compete with the foreign product, but not so high as to enable them to drive out the foreign article, enjoy a monopoly of trade, and fix prices as they please; that the industry of the country has always suffered by an extreme policy. What is needed is a stable policy. It was not so stated by General Garfield, but from an equally authoritative source it is ascertained that these views approximate those of the President on this subject.

Advices received at the Treasury from the money centers of Europe present a most flattering report of the confidence of European capitalists and people in the safety of American securities. As a practical evidence of this fact, the Secretary of the Treasury to-day, in response to intimations of an early additional requisition from the Syndicate, issued a call for \$10,000,000 more bonds. Of the \$300,000,000 of the four-and-a-half-per-cent. loan, about one-half has already been taken up, and, from present appearances, the entire amount will have been disposed of by the end of the year. The war-like attitude of affairs in the Levant, and the delicacy of the diplomatic relations between France and Germany, according to European advices, have greatly unsettled confidence in foreign securities, and the American Government is now looked to as affording the most safe field for this class of investments.

Protection of American Industries.

Washington, Special.

General Garfield has acceded to the request of the President to surrender his excellent prospects of Senatorial honors in order that he might represent the Administration on the floor of the House of Representatives. It is evident, under the policy of President Hayes, that the color and sectional lines will soon be effaced, and the questions that will influence the ascendancy of parties will have reference to the interests of the country. With this view the President has expressed his desire that General Garfield remain in the House. Next to the Southern policy of the Administration, it is the wish of the President to establish a policy in regard to the complicated question of the protection of home industries, and on this subject the views of General Garfield are in entire harmony with his own. It has been erroneously believed that General Garfield is in favor of free trade. This is a mistake. The fact is, that the Republican party is made up of Democrats of the old school and Old-line Whigs, both of whom are disposed to resist extreme prohibitory measures. General Garfield has for fourteen years represented a strong pig iron district, and therefore has never advocated free trade. He favors protection of American industries, and when this feature of the President's policy comes before the House, he will be found an earnest advocate of the doctrines which will be in the interest of home industries; not an extreme high tariff, but a rate sufficient to protect American manufactures from ruinous foreign competition. During his recent visit to the South, General Garfield conversed with many of the sugar and cotton planters, and pointed out to them the necessity of their making common cause with the protective theory of manufacturing States of the North. To this they warmly assented. When this question comes up in the House of Representatives, as it undoubtedly will during next session of Congress, the wisdom of the retention of General Garfield in the House will be felt in the American industries.

Journalism and Crimes.

Public taste, we are told, demands all the prurient details of every such case—details tricked out with every accessory of horror and impure suggestion which the reporter's pen can supply. But something is due to the pure minds and decent habits of a part of the readers of a respectable journal. We do not allow our women and children to look at the revelations of crime in variety theaters or to read them in obscene novels; why, therefore, should we thrust upon their notice exaggerated dramatic stories of seduction, murder and suicide in the daily papers, simply because they are true?—N. Y. Tribune.

The latest and best improvement in undertaking is the patent Hermetic, Wooden Burial Case. It is made in a very superior manner, with cemented and dovetail joints, and the self-sealing attachment is so arranged that the ordinary swelling of the wood will not open the joints, as is the case in all other kinds. Mr. Sherry has taken the agency for this locality, and, for the purpose of introducing, will sell at greatly reduced prices.

HUSHER'S
ART GALLERY,
 BAYNE'S BLOCK,
 Greencastle, Ind.

Large and small photographs a specialty, and satisfaction guaranteed.
 Persons desiring fine pictures are requested to call and examine specimens.

EVANS & MATSON,
PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS,

OFFICE—West Side Public Square, over Taylor's Store.

J. W. HOLLIGSWORTH,
DENTIST.
 Office over First National Bank.

Dudley Rogers, M. D.,
 PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
 Lewman's Building, West Side of Square.

D. C. DOWNS, M.D.,—L. C. LEWIS, Notary Public.

DONNOHUE & LEWIS.
 Law and Real Estate Office. Up stairs in Bays Block, East Side of the Public Square, Greencastle, Ind.

Dr. A. C. FRY,
DENTIST.
 Office—Over New York Store, Southard's Block, Public Square, Greencastle, Ind.

W. G. OVERSTREET,
DENTIST.
 Rooms in Williamson's Block over Bowman & Duggy's Store, Greencastle, Ind.

J. BIRCH
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
 South Side Public Square—Albin's Block. Practices in all the Courts. Special attention given to collections.

Eckles, Martin & Eckles,
Attorneys at Law,
 Greencastle, Indiana.
 Give special attention to collections and probate business. Office upstairs over Stevenson's Grocery Store, east side of square.

City Meat Market.
MOUDY & JOHNSON.
 Indiana Street, opposite postoffice.
 KEEP constantly on hand choice meats of all kinds. Low prices and fair dealings in all.

\$999 Can't be made by every agent every month. In the business of the world, but those willing to work can easily earn a dozen dollars a day right in their own localities. Have room to explain here. Business pleasant and honorable. Women, men, boys and girls do as well as men. We will furnish you a complete outfit free. The business pays better than anything else. We will hear experience of starting you. Particulars free. Farmers and mechanics, their sons and daughters, and all classes in need of paying work at home, should write to us and hear all about the work at once. Now is the time. Don't delay. Address: 25 Rue VICK & CO., Augusta, Maine.

VICK'S
FLOWER AND VEGETABLE GARDEN
 the most beautiful work of the kind in the world, contains nearly 500 pages, hundreds of fine illustrations, and six Colored Plates of Flowers, beautifully drawn and colored from nature. Price 30 cents in paper covers; \$1.00 in elegant cloth. Post in German and English.
 VICK'S "Floral Guide" quarterly, 50 cts. a year. VICK'S "Autumn Guide" quarterly, 50 cts. a year. Address: JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

THE ENEMY OF DISEASE!
THE Foe OF PAIN
 TO MAN AND BEAST
 Is the Grand Old

MUSTANG
LINIMENT,
 WHICH HAS STOOD THE TEST OF 40 YEARS.

THERE IS NO SORE IT WILL NOT HEAL. NO LAMENESS IT WILL NOT CURE. NO ACHE, NO PAIN, THAT AFFLICTS THE HUMAN BODY, OR THE ANIMAL, OR THE HORSE, OR OTHER DOMESTIC ANIMAL, THAT DOES NOT YIELD TO THIS MAGIC OIL, IS A GOD-SENT REMEDY, AND RESTORED TO LIFE AND UNDEVELOPED MANY A VALUABLE HORSE.

Dobbin's Starch Polish.
HOW DA SHINE

A GREAT DISCOVERY!
 By the use of which every family may give their linen that brilliant polish peculiar to the laundry work. Saving time and labor in ironing, more than thirty cents a week. Sold by grocers, or will be sent postage paid on receipt of 25 cents.

DOBBIN'S, BRO. & CO., 15 N. Fourth Street, Philadelphia.
 For Sale by Darnall Bros. & Co.

VANDALIA TIME TABLE.	
GOING EAST.	GOING WEST.
2:50 a. m. Mail and Accommodation. 12:41 a. m.	8:30 a. m. Fast Line. 8:30 a. m.
5:30 a. m. Mail and Accommodation. 1:50 p. m.	4:31 p. m. Mail and Accommodation. 1:50 p. m.
6:00 p. m. Express. 5:34 p. m.	

Louisville, New Albany & Chicago R. R.

Short and Popular Route to all points East, West, North and South.	
Trains leave Greencastle as follows:	
GOING NORTH.	GOING SOUTH.
Lafayette Mixed. 5:00 a. m.	Day Express. 11:32 a. m.
Day Express. 5:00 p. m.	Greencastle Mixed. 5:20 a. m.

Fresh Supply of the following Brands of

OAT MEAL.

Centennial, Imperial,

Scottish Chief, at ALLEN'S DRUG STORE.

Opening and Closing of Mails at Greencastle Post-office.

CLOSE.	
Going East.	3:50 p. m.
Going West.	4:10 "
Going North.	8 a. m.
Going South.	8:30 "
To Waveland.	1 p. m.
To Belle Union, Saturdays.	4:50 "

OPEN.	
From East.	9:50 a. m.
From West.	10:10 "
From South.	2:30 p. m.
From North.	9:50 a. m.
From Waveland.	5 p. m.
From Belle Union, Saturdays.	5:10 "

By observing this table no time need be lost waiting for the mails to open except when they fail to arrive on time.

Shoot the dogs! The dog war rages.

Col. Bosson is sick again.

Joe Woodfill is working down at Gosport.

Drunkness has greatly decreased in this city of late.

A. O. Hough, formerly of this place is lying sick in Brazil.

T. G. Bowman and family have returned home from St. Louis.

Marshal Welch's revolver was stolen from the Mayor's office Monday.

The measure of a man's intelligence is the kind of newspaper that he takes.

Tell your neighbor that one dollar will pay for the BANNER the rest of 1877.

J. C. Albin has suffered a relapse of his old disease, dyspepsia, and is quite ill.

St. Patrick's Day was celebrated Saturday by services in the Catholic church.

County Treasurer Farrow is confined to his house with a pulmonary affection.

Mrs. Dr. Taylor, of Crawfordsville, is here visiting her sister, Mrs. John Bury.

A set of buggy harness was stolen from C. W. Talburt's stable one night this week.

Several dogs have been sent to the county to await the termination of the dog war.

The lecture on "Boys" by Dr. Bartlett, is a most entertaining one. Don't fail to hear him.

Mr. Job, a retired merchant of Grove-land, is having a buggy made by James Turner of that place.

Y. M. C. A. meeting next Sabbath at Brown's Hall at 8 1/2 P. M. Turn out and help "the work of the Lord."

It is estimated that there are one hundred \$50 dogs in town. It is proposed an ad valorem tax be assessed.

Only twenty-five dogs have been licensed so far. There must be more than that number of dogs in town?

E. W. Smith's children are sick with sporadic scarlet fever, in a mild form, at the family residence on East Washington street.

The Woman's Reading Club will meet at Dr. Roger's room, in I. A. U. building. Subject, "Does climate have any effect on the character of a nation?"

Quarterly meeting at Locust Street church next Saturday and Sunday. President Martin will conduct the services, in the absence of the Presiding Elder.

James Egnor, of the American Express office, was married last Sunday evening at Brazil to Miss Mary Craft, of that city. Another craft swayed up in the sea of matrimony.

A little son of John Cawley was attacked and bitten on the street Sunday by a dog belonging to William Cohen. A dog is a nice brute to have around in a community where there are children.

Those who like a good musical instrument are requested to read an article copied from the Terre Haute Express in this paper, describing a Lindemann upright piano recently exhibited in that city.

There will be a Bible Reading, or Gospel meeting, every Sunday afternoon at Brown's Hall, under the direction of the Y. M. C. A. All are invited. The association will soon have rooms for regular Gospel work.

Rev. C. A. Brooke had so far recovered from his sickness as to be able to go to his quarterly meeting at Zionsville last Saturday week, where he was taken with a relapse, and has been very sick since. He was able to return home Tuesday.

Greencastle Prices. Hogs 4 @ 4; butcher's cattle, 34 @ 4; shipping cattle, 4 @ 4; sheep, 34 @ 4; corn, 40; hay, \$8; wood, \$3; horses, \$90 to \$125; mules, \$60 to \$90; maple molasses, 30 cents to \$1; eggs, 11 cents; butter, 20 cents.

Rev. G. G. Mitchell has preached seven sermons on the parable of the Prodigal Son, and on next Sabbath evening will preach a sermon on the character and influence of the Father in the parable, subject, "Like father like children." Services in Brown's Hall. All are invited.

The Putnamville school closes a six-month's term with a public exhibition next Wednesday evening. This school, taught by D. J. Hillis and L. C. Cline, has been a decided success. Both these gentlemen are first-class teachers, and are spoken of in the highest terms by their patrons.

Dr. Bartlett will lecture on Wednesday evening, April 2. "Boys" is his theme. Do not fail to hear him. The Choral Union will render a few pieces of music in their excellent style, which will greatly add to the pleasure and profit of the evening. The lecture will be given in the Opera House.

The Thursday evening prayer meetings at Roberts Chapel are largely attended, and the spiritual interest awakened during the revival continues. There are nine "band meetings" carried on by the young people of this church, each band holding meetings from two to four times per week. The ladies' band will meet at the residence of Mr. Benson, Friday at 3 p. m. Prof. John will preach in the church next Sunday evening.

Special Telegram. DAYTON, O., March 20. — Coroner Kline, to-day, held an inquest over the remains of an infant of Mrs. C. Pfeifferberger, which was found dead in her arms last evening while riding in a carriage. Verdict, death from congestion of the lungs, caused by exposure. Mrs. P. resides in Greencastle, Indiana, and was here on a visit.

The above refers to the death of Charley Pfeifferberger's child. Mrs. P. had been visiting her father in Ohio, and on her way home stopped to visit her father-in-law in Dayton, where the child died.

The BANNER to-day contains a card from the gentlemen in charge of the normal school at Ladoga addressed to the teachers of Putnam county. One hundred and forty persons are now attending the school, being about the same number as are receiving instruction at the State Normal. The studies are elective, and board is very cheap. The normal school established a few years since at Valparaiso now has 1,200 persons in attendance. It is gratifying to notice this newly awakened zeal on the part of teachers to fit themselves for their profession. If persisted in there will soon be a notable improvement in our public schools.

Jacob Denny died last Saturday and was buried on Monday at 2 p. m., services by Revs. Mitchell and Miller. Mr. Denny suffered greatly during his last sickness, which was of ten days' duration, the disease being pneumonia. His mind was in a troubled state ever since his daughter died, and especially since her remains were so cruelly disturbed, and her grave robbed. When he gave up finding the body and failed to find the perpetrators of the cruel act, he said he did not want to live. He said, "If I could find May's body I would want to live, but now I want to die. I have borne more burdens than any man here. I am a crushed man." His death is truly sad. The family are still here. It is not known whether they will remain here or not.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Painting and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold beaters, and Stainers, as they advance in life, are subject to Paralysis of the bowels. To avoid this, take an occasional dose of Dr. S. D. Howe's Arabian Tonic Blood Purifier. Sold by Conrad Cook, Druggist. 12-2w.

Unclaimed Letters. Remaining unclaimed for in the Greencastle, Indiana, Postoffice, March 21, 1877. Amos H. F. Brown, Maggie Call Name, Fry Nancy, Gaven Henry, Havers Dr. Hackney, Lora Sarah, Miller Mandy, McChung Sallie, Newton Ross, Smith Maggie, Turner F. M., Young Brazil, Zaub Maggie.

Persons calling for these letters will please give the date when they were advertised.

G. J. LANGSDALE, P. M.

DIED.

HIGHNOTE.—On March 14, 1877, at the residence of Mr. John Fuenican, near Manhattan, of consumption, John Highnote, aged 44 years, 8 months and 25 days.

BALTIMORE, MD.—I have used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup personally and in my family for two or three years, and am prepared to say that there is nothing to compare to it as a remedy for Coughs, Colds, etc.—James Corrie, Dentist.

My saw-mill is near the north depot, my lumber yard and office at the north end of College avenue, near Goulding & Ireland's planing mill. I am always ready to buy Poplar, Walnut or Ash timber anywhere within six or eight miles of me. At my lumber yard I keep a stock of shingles, lath, dressed flooring and weather-boarding, which I either sell for cash or trade for timber. Custom sawing done to order at my mill. If you want to sell or buy don't fail to call on me.

P. R. CHRISTIE, Manufacturer and dealer in Lumber, Lath and Shingles, Greencastle, Ind. 8-6m

Marriage Licenses.

Thomas B. Farmer and Alice Hazlett.

In Memoriam.

Hall of Siloam Lodge, No. 311 I. O. O. F. BAINBRIDGE, Ind. March 19, 1877. DIED.—At his residence, near Bainbridge, on Thursday, March 8, 1877, John W. Clark in the 66th year of his age.

The following tribute to his memory was adopted by the lodge, as reported through its committee:

WHEREAS, In view of the loss we have sustained by the death of our Brother, Past Grand John W. Clark, and of the still greater loss sustained by those who were nearest and dearest to him. Therefore be it

Resolved, That it is but a just tribute to the memory of the departed to say that in regretting his removal from our midst, we mourn for one who was in every way worthy of our respect and esteem.

Resolved, That we offer our sincere sympathy and condolence to the sorrowing family in their great bereavement, and commend them to the loving kindness of Him who doeth all things well, "who tempers the wind to the shorn lamb."

Resolved, That a copy of this testimonial of our respect and sympathy, be sent to the widow of our departed Brother, by the Secretary of the Lodge, and a copy furnished each of the Greencastle papers for publication.

J. B. KIDDER, Secy. M. R. W. H. RICE, Com.

Asbury University.

Rev. J. P. D. John, A. M., President of Moore's Hill College, will deliver the closing lecture of this term at the Chapel of the University, next Sunday afternoon.

President Martin attended the session of the Kentucky conference held at Lexington last week. The University is in favor with the M. E. church of that State, which has always given it a liberal patronage. Rev. Dr. J. S. Chadwick, of Louisville, Ky., was appointed official visitor.

Too much cannot be said in praise of the earnest and successful efforts of D. L. Southern, Esq., our resident trustee, in behalf of the financial interests of the University; having given already about five years in pushing the new building to completion, he has now with untiring zeal given himself to the task of soliciting funds to liquidate the bonded debt, amounting to about \$15,000, and has already secured nearly one-half of the amount.

Harvey Sutherland, class of '76, having finished his school at Carpentersville, is visiting the "boys" for a few days. His intention is to enter the ministry, and he will "take work" until conference, near Plainfield, under Elder Brooke.

Dr. Hoos, of class of '70, Professor of belles-lettres, in the State University, lectured in the city last night on the subject of "Prohibition." The Doctor is an able, earnest and fearless advocate of "Reform" in its proper acceptance.

The Science Association organized by Dr. Tingley more than two years ago, continues a very prosperous and active existence. Its meetings are well attended, and the papers read and specimens gathered and presented are rapidly adding to the prestige and success of this part of the University work.

President Martin was the guest of Dr. Thomas Foster during his visit to the Kentucky conference.

Prof. Ripdath is suffering from an attack of quinsy, and was unable to hear his classes yesterday and to-day.

Bilious complaints are more common in this country than any other disease, except Pulmonary Consumption and Dyspepsia, and, at least, one out of every one hundred dyspeptic cases, the liver is more or less affected. Sold by Conrad Cook, Druggist. 12-2w.

Real Estate Transfers.

Reported for the Greencastle Banner, by John D. Reed, compiler of Abstracts of Titles, Successor to Cline & Reed. Office at the Court House.

H. W. Powers to C. W. Powers, land in Floyd tp., \$300.

Lycurgus Stoner to J. W. Stoner, land in Madison tp., \$6,000.

Wm. P. Darnall to Martha A. Flinn, land in Franklin tp., \$500.

John Shinn to J. M. Herod, 5 acres in Floyd tp., \$125.

A. J. Shinn to J. M. Herod, 2 acres in Floyd tp., \$75.

Luther Allen to Amelia Pitchlynn, lot 5, Voss's sub division to Greencastle, gift.

John A. Girtin to Robert Chenoweth, lot II., in E. J. Peck's enlargement to Greencastle, \$100.

Adam Snider to John Snider, 26 acres in Greencastle tp., \$500.

Reuben Andrus to Ebenezer Jackson, part lot 64, in Eastern End, to Greencastle, \$600.

C. C. Matson, as commissioner, to Melvina Nichols, 14 acres in Marion tp., for \$70.

James G. Peck to Margaret C. Farrow, 80 acres in Greencastle tp., \$130.

Wm. Roberts to Thos. M. Roberts, lot 8, and part lot 9, in Manhattan, life estate.

Geo. R. Payne to Samuel F. Batman, 20 acres in Franklin tp., \$1,000.

David Houck to J. E. and Henry Houck, 113 1/2 acres in Washington tp., for \$2,000.

James W. Stoner et al. to Wm. P. Stoner, 182 acres in Greencastle tp., \$8,500.

Elizabeth Newgent to Charles Newgent, et al., land in Clinton tp., \$16,050.

Will Lyon will leave Texas in a few days for Indiana. He writes from San Antonio on the 15th as follows:

"The weather is getting quite hot here. The thermometer stood at 85 deg. in the shade yesterday, and at 87 deg. to-day. Vegetation of all kinds is far advanced. We have been having young 'garden truck' for five or six weeks. The grasshoppers are hatching out by the million, and the farmers and gardeners are trembling in their boots for fear their crops will be destroyed. One farmer has 500 acres in wheat, and 300 in millet and barley, and he is expecting every day to see the grasshoppers begin the work of destruction. The wheat is over knee high now.

"This is unquestionably a good climate, but I am afraid that I would not like the longer dry summers. The best and most profitable business in this part of Texas is stock raising. Merchandising of all kinds is overdone, in my judgment. "My health has greatly improved. I feel like a new man. I feel better every day."

Commissioner's Court.

Following is the rest of the proceedings of the Board of County Commissioners for the March term:

HIGHWAYS.

Lena Frank, petition for damages. Allowed \$30.

John Bond et al., petition for change of highway. Cause continued, and Fleming McCray and Joshua Furney appointed reviewers.

John Bond et al., petition for location of highway. Daniel Zaring, Jr., John Friend and H. B. Pickett appointed reviewers.

ALLOWANCES.—FOUR ACCOUNT.

Charles Kiefer. \$ 3 00

James B. Beck. 2 80

H. C. Black. 29 98

Brookway & Howe. 63 70

Darnall & Bro. 25 50

Alphus Morris. 37 10

Ed Hanemann. 9 50

A. A. Hay. 27 25

Burser & Bro. 12 00

Thomas Murphy. 12 00

Charles Kiefer. 6 25

George Jeffries. 27 50

W. A. Allen. 9 25

N. W. Ader. 6 00

James B. Beck. 1 50

Ritcher & Watson. 11 10

R. F. Sione. 25 00

G. W. Benson. 18 00

E. T. Allen. 31 50

Hay & Howell. 27 25

A. P. Turner. 13 00

Louis Lambarger. 15 00

H. Hawks. 6 00

Alphus Morris. 18 00

A. J. Burk. 2 35

Joseph Stewart. 3 00

Edgar Miller. 3 00

N. B. McElroy. 1 50

Edmund Huffman. 1 50

John Rightwell. 3 00

George A. Rickotts. 5 00

M. T. Lowman. 23 10

Fred Weik. 6 50

M. T. Lowman. 37 10

Samuel Cook. 25 80

George J. Langdale. 31 35

Edmund Huffman. 4 00

John Rightwell. 4 50

W. R. McElroy. 3 00

The versatile Brattin, who seems to contain as much "spring" as one of his railroad watches, sometimes takes charge of a public entertainment or an excursion as a matter of recreation; but he never neglects that jewelry store. It is his pride, his idol, something of his own creation, and he has watched its growing trade expand to all parts of the country with a fondness and delight somewhat unexpected in the selfish, calculating mart of business. "Brattin's Jewelry Store" is known of all men and women, of all youths and maidens, in this part of the North American continent, and he is just as willing and anxious now to sell anything from a silver thimble to an eight-day clock, at the very lowest prices for cash, as at any time in his life. In fact, he is just in the mood to give his patrons the best bargains at his command. Call on him and see if this not so.

T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia, have in press for immediate publication "The Cardinal's Daughter," a sequel to "Ferne Fletting," by Mrs. Catharine A. Warfield, author of "The Household of Bouverie." It is printed from the author's manuscript, and has never been printed before in any form. "The Cardinal's Daughter," has an elaborately wrought plot, well conceived characters, and a certain smoothness of flow which is essential to success in story-telling. It is strong in plot, varied in incident, while the interest is never allowed to flag, and the characters are depicted with genuine power. It will be found fully equal to any work this popular write has ever produced. The admirers of Mrs. Warfield will not be disappointed with this her latest fiction, as it possesses all of the qualities which have made her so great a favor with them. It will be published on Saturday, April 7th, price \$1 75, in uniform style with her "Household of Bouverie." Booksellers and all others will do well to send in their orders at once for the book is certain to have a large sale.

Teachers of Putnam County.

Special arrangements have been made at the Normal College, Ladoga, Ind., for the teachers of Putnam county, and others who may wish to enter next Tuesday, March 27. The old classes will be re-organized and as many new classes established as may be necessary. Every one will be accommodated with just the classes he may desire, without fail.

The Institution has received over 20 new students during the past two weeks. Satisfaction is given in every case or money refunded. Not a single student has asked that his money be refunded since the organization of the School last fall. Tuition per term of 11 weeks, \$8; board per week, \$1 90 to \$2; room rent per week, forty to seventy-five cents. Students can enter at any time. Summer term will begin April 24.

Address for further information: W. DAIEST, W. F. HARPER, Ladoga, Ind.

Putnamville.

The schools of this place will close on Wednesday evening, March 28, with a literary performance at the M. E. church, given by the Putnamville Graded School Literary Society. The friends of education are cordially invited to be present. Exercises begin at 7 o'clock, p. m.

J. D. HILLIS, Teachers.

The Greencastle Carriage Factory has orders for jump-seat-carriages from Brooklyn, New York, and from Cuba. They ship one to New York City this week, and one to Missouri next week. Read their advertisement.

I have a Norman Stallion to trade for city property or Western lands.

A. MOUDY.

One dollar will pay for the BANNER the rest of 1877.

LOCAL NOTICES.

NOTE.—These notices will not be inserted for a long time than one week, and will be charged ten cents line. Six words make a line.

MORE NEW GOODS at Charley Talburt's.

LADIES' NEW SHOES, side and front lace and button shoes—we are selling low for cash.

G. M. BLACK.

STRAYED.—On or about March 13, a small, white cow, four years old with short, erect, sharp horns, weight about 900 pounds.

W. ALBAUGH.

ONE DOLLAR will pay for the BANNER the rest of 1877.

FRESH ARRIVAL of Laces, Silk Ties, Silk Handkerchiefs, Ruchings, Collars and Cuffs, Kid Gloves, Corsets, &c., at Talburt's.

WE have a full line of all kinds of boots and shoes which we are selling cheap for cash.

G. M. BLACK.

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HEAD-QUARTERS FOR DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, HATS and CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, READY-MADE CLOTHING, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE, And a full supply of everything in the general merchandise line. Having consolidated the stocks of Boswell & Bro., and F. A. Hays, at the old stand of the latter

